Creative Solutions to Fundamental Challenges

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The evolution of our Planet







Second Negation

4. Self-directed experimental inquiry is key for systemic innovation



2. Ability to understand systems as energy storage elements and their dynamics



1. Specialized knowledge (specialized systems/contexts)









Some numbers

- 1% converted to biomass:
 - 10% of that is consumed by herbivores
 - 90% is detritus
 -> oil and coal eventually
- Most efficient:
 - Coral
 - Swamps
 - Algal beds
 - Estuaries
 - Tropical forests
 - C3, C4, CAM photosynthesis equations

Heats 1.32-1.41kW/m²



SUN 3.86 x10²⁶ w





Question

• Can we live without fossil fuels? And if so: How?



Question

- What do you think are the most fundamental problems we are facing?
- 1) Increase energy availability
- 2) Decrease inefficiency in energy use
- 3) Improve problem solving ability



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Hierarchical Decomposition of Solution Steps: Larry Ball Generalized Heuristics at <u>www.opensourcetriz.com</u>



Who is the Market ? (Group, Job, Circumstances) Focus on Non-Consumers





- Job—"Suture" a wound
- Circumstances— Outdoors or at Home



Aha !!—There is a group of people that are non-consumers that want to do the job themselves— Since nobody meets this need, they will likely be forgiving.







What Functions? What Part of the Job?





What Functions will our system steal from its job environment?

Aha!!—The Solar panel must take on the function of the roof tile







What Constitutes Delight of the Market ? (How Well are the Functions Performed?)





Market: Women who want to exercise at home, but who lack the equipment or companionship to do this consistently.

— Here is what they face.

Aha!!—What they really want is a setting where they feel comfortable (like home) and can enjoy ready companionship. No fuss of changing the equipment—No mirrors, a private place to change and NO MEN! (*Curves*)







What Phenomena Will Deliver The Function?





I want to split diamonds along the internal fault faces. How can I do this so that I do not create more faults?

Aha!!—A way exists to split many objects such as eggs, nuts and peppers. Apply high pressure and wait until the pressurized gas fills all the small spaces. Then suddenly release the tank pressure.





What Objects Deliver the Phenomena?





How to get the scoop to the top after putting on the bottom and then filling the container with powder? Aha!!—Use existing objects—The vibration of the Truck







How Can We Simplify the System?







Situation—Cars that bolt often end up in a high speed police chase Aha!!—Sticky GPS Tracking system shot from an air-powered rifle allows the police to vector the car rather than starting or continuing a high-speed chase







What is the Main Problem? (People take Things for Granted)





We build bathtubs—For most people, our tubs are adequate—we take for granted how people interact with bathtubs Aha!!—When it comes to a new market:

People who have trouble lifting their legs, (elderly, disabled) there is a discovered problem.









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Problem Formulation From a Systemic Perspective



- A system is a collection of energy storage elements
 - The energy levels are characterized as states (can be classical or quantum)
 - Subsystems: Subsets of the collection of elements.
 - Supersystems: Collections of systems
- All changes or functions involve interactions of such energy storage elements through energy exchange.
- **Beliefs**, or **models** list the properties of systems and functions.
- **Problem solving** is action (sensing, actuation, calculation) attaining our aims.







Acknowledgement: Larry Ball for function exercises

www.opensourcetriz.com







Describing the System Function



Functional Language

The Ball Breaks the Glass









Functional Language

The Ball Breaks the Glass









Functional Language

The Thermometer measures the temperature









Functional Language

The Thermometer measures the temperature









Functional Language

The wire conducts electricity







Functional Language

The wire conducts electricity









Writing Systems of Functions

1. Break System Down into <u>Functional</u> Parts







2. Identify super-system elements

(The system interacts <u>directly</u> with these Objects — These Objects are involved in the Job being done)



Super-System Elements are those we do not have direct control over



3. Identify the "System Products" (The primary objects that the system seeks to modify)









4. Draw function links between the elements

(links between super-system elements is not usually necessary)





Functional Language

The cap seals the bottle









Functional Language

The cap seals the bottle









Functional Language

The lightening rod protects the house









Functional Language

The lightening rod protects the house








Functional Language

The Thermometer measures the temperature









Functional Language

The Thermometer measures the temperature









Functional Language

The gold improves the reliability

Shown is a sliding contact switch. Gold coats the switch arm and the contacts that stick up.









Functional Language

The gold improves the reliability











Functional Language

The paint stops deterioration











Functional Language

The paint stops deterioration











Functional Language

The toothbrush brushes the teeth









Functional Language











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time

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Benefits of The Systems Approach



This universal representation permits us to proceed promptly from **representation** to **simulation**, **experiment**, and **optimization**



Uncertainty As Important As Dynamics



- Noise—Characterized probabilistically
 - Examples: Johnson noise, shot noise and flicker enter measurements additively
 - Arises from a great variety of interacting elements, and is therefore very stable in its properties such as amplitude distribution, frequency range, and temperature dependence.
 - This can arise from both components and environment. Many competitors resemble noise while just one or two are very uncertain.
- **Disturbance** from environment—properties or range of properties well known, e.g., frequency, amplitude, entry point into dynamics.
- Interference measurable but irrelevant signals from environment or dynamics — can be systematically eliminated.
- Component or environment parametric uncertainty characterized by parameter uncertainty intervals. This arises from uncertainty in measurements.
- **Input uncertainty**—other agents with other objectives operating the dynamics. Ex: pests, outlaws, weeds, competitors, friends, employees, neighbors



Common Sub-Systems



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Common Super-Systems









Context or Human Environment on Earth (1)







Context or Human Environment on Earth (2)







Human body





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Contradictions



Compromise Solutions



Something improves Something else gets worse

- Guarantees risk
- Consumes time
- Delays the solution



Don't Compromise — Idealize (Do Both)!



Create the invulnerable concept

- Reduces risk
- Reduces analysis time
- Gives once-and-for-all solution





Contradiction Game

• Find objects that are flexible & rigid

 Points = <u>number of systems in all categories</u> X <u>number of</u> <u>categories</u>

Harvesting solar energy





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Some EROIs

(from http://www.daretothink.org/dfr-the-dual-fluid-reactor/)

Pressurized water reactor a): 80 Run-of-the-river hydroelectricity: 36 Black-coal fired power: 29 Gas-steam power: 28 Solar thermal (desert)b): 9 Wind power (German coast)c): 4 Photovoltaics (desert) b): 2,3 DFR (500 MWe powerplant): 1200 DFR (1500 MWe powerplant): 2000

a-current fuel mixes; b and c: with pumped hydroelectric storage



Nuclear Reactions





Question

How will you harness nuclear reactions with high EROI







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Innovation at Work: Value Driven by Productivity Increases



THOMSON REUTERS Market data and information provided by Thomson Reuters; O Thomson Reuters Limited

*Deviations predicted tipping points due to debt







Example: Moore's Law in Memory







- Exponential productivity increase should imply hyper exponential stock growth
- However, the growth becomes flat
- Why?

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http://www.seagate.com/point-of-view/sshd-and-natural-evolution-master-pov/

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Moore's Law Arises from Design Optimization

as do all supply curves



 Over the years the minimum transistor cost has occurred in a circuit with greater density of transistors

Source: http://electroiq.com/blog/2014/03/moores-law-has-stopped-at-28nm/



Moore's Law Arises from Design Optimization

Supply Curves: Interplay of Interdependence and Modularity



Recent growth rates

industry	period	Growth rate
transistors	1965—2005	46%
corn yield	1950—2015	2%
Lighting lumens/W	1881—2014	2.6% indoors
		3.1% outdoors
Steel cost	1950—2010	1.7%
steam genr. eff.	1900—2000	1.5%
travel speed	1900—1958	5.6%
auto fuel eff.	1973—2014	2.5%

http://spectrum.ieee.org/energy/renewables/moores-curse

Negative growth rates exist: education, healthcare and government





Education

How would you increase the productivity of our education system?


When We Were Actually Creative!



Deflation was good for those who were productive







Overhead

• How do we design more productive organizations?



How to reach self directed experimental inquiry

increasing utilization

humanities	Representation to communicate with minimum mutual entropy (min energy, max bandwidth).
social sciences	Calculate, organize, and act to increase joint exergy
biology	Increase individual exergy
engineering	Achieve performance objectives amid uncertainty that contribute to exergy
physics	Most compact description of human experience available
mathematics	More efficient calculation via approximation
Hierarchy of knowledge	

increasing overhead



The Hardest Problems Make the most Profit



http://www.pwcmoneytree.com/Reports/FullArchive/National_2015-2.pdf



Thank you very much!

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